## Preparing Documents for ADA Remediation Dos and Don'ts

## Do...

- 1. <u>Do</u> save time and cost by creating a document/presentation with accessibility in mind.
- <u>Do</u>create an enhanced experience for all members of the public.
- 3. <u>**Do</u>** write short, clear sentences and paragraphs.</u>
- <u>Do</u> use Styles in MS Word to create structure in a document. Modify Styles in the Styles tab to re-format text.
- 5. <u>Do</u> copy and paste text from another document into your presentation.
- <u>Do</u> create alternative text to images and other non-text content. Add it as a caption under the photo.
- 7. <u>**Do</u>** use descriptive text for links.</u>
- 8. <u>Do</u> provide sufficient contrast between foreground and background colors.
- <u>Do</u> provide additional identification that does not rely on color perception.
- 10. <u>Do</u> create simple and understandable tables and lists.

## Don't...

- 1. <u>**Don't</u>** make a document difficult to remediate.</u>
- 2. <u>Don't</u> prevent members of the public from obtaining information.
  - 3. <u>**Don't**</u> use unnecessarily complex words and phrases.
  - 4. <u>**Don't**</u> use large, bold, italicized, highlighted, etc. text for headings and/or emphasis.
- 5. <u>Don't</u> take screenshots of presentations and insert them into another document as an image.
- 6. <u>Don't</u> send document to Karina Garcia without providing alternate text for images and other non-text content.
  - <u>Don't</u> use ambiguous link text, for example "Click here" or "Read more".
- 8. <u>Don't</u> use colors without using <u>Analyzer</u> to test color contrast
- 9. <u>Don't</u> use color alone to convey meaning.
- 10. <u>Don't</u> design tables with confusing or complex heading structures or lists without logical order.